

Index

Page numbers in *italic* denote figures. Page numbers in **bold** denote tables.

- A★ graph search algorithm 296, 300–301
- Agua Nueva Formation, fracture study 191–194, **196**, 202
- Aguilar Basin, palustrine carbonates 40
- Alberta Basin *51*, *52*
- algal communities 40
- algal mounds 230–232
- anhydrite 162
 - Grosmont *55*, *56*, *57*, *59*, *63*
- ANOVA (analysis of variance) 91–92, 99, 100–101
- Antalya travertine 43
- Apulia, carbonate platform 7, 169–185
 - map *170*
 - karstification case studies 173–180
- Arabian Gulf, carbonate ramp 278, 281, 282–285, 288, 289
- Asón valley hydrothermal dolomite, Spain 208–209, *210*
- Austin Chalk Formation, fracture study **191**, 192–194, **196**
- automatic extraction of parameters 247–262
 - gridding, choice and construction 249
 - workflow *248*
- Barile quarry *170*, 171, 173, 183
 - rudist floatstone 179–180
- Basque–Cantabrian Basin, geology 84–88, *208*
- biodegradation, Grosmont *59*, 73–74
- Bisceglie quarry *170*, 171, 173, 181–185
 - layered carbonates 176–179
- bitumen properties *73–74*
- bitumen, Grosmont 3, 22, 50–52, 62, 64, 65
- Bouguer gravity map, Grosmont *53*
- branchwork karst, 3D simulation 295–306
 - skeleton paths *303–305*
- breccia dolomite body 213, 215–216, *217*, *218*, *222*
- breccia, collapse 62, 63, 66
- breccia, Ramales Platform 85, 92, *94*, 96, 101, 103, 106
- brecciated dolomitic claystone 151
- brecciated dolostone *144*, *145*, *147*, *150*
- build-up, shelf margin 41, *42*, 230–231, 265
 - see also* carbonate mounds
- bulging, Pleistocene 184, 185
- burial depth 58–59, *61*
- Cabuérniga Fault 209, *210*, 224
- calcite-filled fracture 8
- Carbdb (carbonate body database) 10, 277, 279–281, 282–285, 288, 292
- carbonate build-up, Malampaya 265
- carbonate exploration 1–12
 - growth of knowledge curves *18*
 - historic review 1–2
 - research 2
 - reservoir characterization 4–6
 - techniques 2–4
- carbonate mounds 11, 42–43
 - geomodelling 229–245
- carbonate platform, Apulia 7, 169–185
 - karstification case studies 173–180
 - mechanical stratigraphy 171–172
- carbonate reservoirs 17–33
 - depositional systems 20–21
 - future research 28–32
 - geological control 25–28
 - modelling 22–23
 - recovery factors 21–22
 - research history 17–20
 - research requirements 23
 - structure 23–25
- carbonate sand bodies, reservoir properties 111–136
 - facies and diagenesis 113, 114–117
 - methods and database 113–114
- Cavallerizza quarry 173, *181*, 182, *184*, 185
 - rudist floatstone 179–180
- cave database, Var (France) 248, 253, 261, 262
- cave formation *70*, 182
- cave infill *64*
- cave length 298
- caves 63, 65
 - stochastic simulation 11, 295–306
 - Var area *248*, 249–253, 257, 261
- cement precipitation and fracture scale 187
 - datasets 191–194
 - growth simulation 198–201
 - methods of study 189–190, **191**
 - results 194–197, *200*, 197
 - scaling 194, 202–203
 - systematic patterns 201–202
- cement, dolomite *98*, *100–102*, 104–105, 106
- cementation 216, *218*
- climate change, carbonate environments 20
- clinoform 88, 95, **96**, *97*
- cluster analysis, karstic network 255, 259, 260, 261
- coefficient of variation 181
- cold epigene karstification 69
- computers in geoscience 31–32
- core plugs and rock type 26–27
- correlation rules, diagenetic units 266
- crack-seal slip 224
- crack-seal texture 189, *193*, 194, *195*, *197*, 198, 201, 203
- crystalline dolomite 152–154, *160*
- Cupido Formation, fracture study 191–197
- cyanobacteria communities 40
- data access 23, 63
- data preparation 129–130
- debris facies, modelling 239–240, *241*, *242*
- density log porosity 155–156
- depositional facies 20–21, 23, 31
 - epicontinental basin 114–117
 - lacustrine carbonate 39–41
 - see also* facies
- depo-zones, shoal facies modelling 279, 280–292
- deterministic modelling 9, 11, 12, 129
 - shoal *277*, 280, 292
- diagenesis and fracture aperture size 187–203
- diagenesis, carbonate 2, 4, 5, *59*
- diagenetic history, epicontinental basin 114–117, **118**

- diagenetic units, well correlation 12, 265–269, 274
 diapir 85, 211, 224
 digital forward modelling 2, 29
 Digital Outcrop Model
 fractures 172, 177
 hydrothermal dolomite 83–93, 94, 97, 102
 dissolution and fracturing 187
 dissolution, Grosmont 67, 69–70
 dolines in permafrost 69
 dolomite facies, Ranero 7, 208, 211, 218
 dolomite powder 63, 64–65
 dolomite, hydrothermal 1, 5
 Digital Outcrop Model 83–93, 94, 97, 102
 fluid flow in 207–225
 permeability/porosity 90–92, 99–101, **103, 104**,
 105, 106
 reservoirs in 7, 83, 207
 see also hydrothermal dolomite bodies *and* Ramales
 Platform...case study
 dolomite, research 23, **24**, 25
 dolomitic limestone, petrography 151–152
 dolomitization 5
 Grosmont 59–61
 dolomitizing fluids 104
 dolostone, Taq Taq oil field 142–154
 microfacies 152, 166
 Dunham texture 126, 128
- Ellenburger Group, fracture study 191–197
 energy reserves 50
 epeiric carbonate reservoir 5
 epicontinental basin, outcrop analogue study
 111–136
 facies and diagenesis 114–117
 geology 112–113
 methods and database 113–114
 petrophysical modelling 127, 129–136
 reservoir properties 117–124
 distribution at different scales 124–127
 evaporite 24
 Grosmont 54–57, 62, 65, 70
 volcanic catchment 44
 exploration 3, 29, **30**
 exploratory variography 91
- facies control of reservoir properties 113, 114–117,
 121–124
 facies model, carbonate sand body 129
 facies, carbonate platform 52–58
 facies, simulated model 237, 238, 240–244
 fault, open 25
 fault-control and reservoir characteristics 83–107
 faults, Ramales 94–96, 103, 104
 faults, Ranero 210–211
 fenestral dolomite 152
 porosity 150, 153
 ferroan and non-ferroan dolomites 99, 102, **104**,
 105, 106,
 flow type, Taq Taq oil field 163–166
 fluid flow and fracturing 6–9, 207–225
 genetic model 223
 structural control 209–219
 fluid flow dolomitization 61
 fluid flow modelling 12, 261, 270, 272, 273
 fluid inclusions 67, 86, 219
 fracture
 clustering 172, 182
 density 172, 174–177, 179, 181
 growth history 7–9
 open 6–7
 orientation and karstification 184–185
 synkinematic cement 193, 194, 203
 fracture aperture-size **196**
 frequency measuring 189, 190
 growth simulation 198–201
 terms 188
 fracture mesh formation 216, 221–224
 fracture, spacing data 172, 173–180, 181
 mean spacing 176, 177, 179, 181, 182
 fractures 21, 25, 61–63
 and faults 6–9
 and fluid flow 207–225
 and karstification 169, 171–173
 and reservoir performance 23–25
 from salt solution 70–72
 qualitative evaluation 161–163
 fracture-size scaling, opening increments 194
 fracturing, glaciogenic, Grosmont 72–73
 fracturing, tectonic Grosmont 71–72
 frontier exploration 3–4
- gas field, geomodel 129
 gas reservoir 50, 278
 Gaussian simulation 9, **241**, 290
 see also sequential Gaussian simulation
 geological control 25–28
 geology
 Apulia 169–171
 Grosmont 51–52
 Muschelkalk Basin 112–113
 Ramales 84–88, 208
 geomodelling 9–12
 geomodelling, carbonate mounds 229–245
 method and data 232
 multipoint statistic model 236–245
 subsurface application 245
 surface-based model 232–236, 238, 244, 245
 validation 243–245
 geostatistical analysis and modelling 9
 carbonate sand body 129, 130–135
 hydrothermal dolomite bodies 83, 84, 91–92
 karst network 298, 301
 geostatistical methods 229, 232–243
 Germanic Basin, Triassic 111–136
 glacial rejuvenation in karst 69
 glaciogenic tectonics 72–73
 gravity map, Grosmont 53
 Great Salt Lake, Utah 4, 40
 microbial build-up 41, 42
 Grosmont Formation, Alberta 22
 Grosmont reservoir 3–4, 49–77
 bitumen properties 73–74
 burial 58–59
 dolomitization 59–61
 fractures 61–63
 geology 51–52
 glaciogenic tectonics 72–73
 karstification 63–70

- lithological properties 74–77
- oil migration 72
- salt solution 70–72
- stratigraphy and deposition 52–58
- gross rock volume 28, 29
- heavy oil *see* bitumen
- heuristic estimate 300
- Holder Formation 231–232
- Hondo evaporites 54–57, 70
- Horton laws 298
- Horton-Strahler number 11–12, 298, 300, 304, 306
- hydrocarbon charge 52
- hydrogeochemical data 69
- hydrologic conductivity 301, **302**
- hydrological network, Strahler classification 298, 299
- hydrothermal dolomite bodies 1, 5, 7, 86–87
 - geometry 88–89, 92–101
 - geostatistical analysis 89–92
 - characteristics 98–99, 107
 - controlling parameters 101–106
 - sampling 106
- hydrothermal fluid flow 105
 - in dolomite 207–225
- inception horizons 182, 183
- Industry Technology Facilitation 23, **24**
- intelligent machines 32
- Iraq, Taq Taq oil field 139–166
- isostatic equilibrium 72
- isotope data 60, 61, 87
- jog, dilational 210, 211, 219, 221, 224
- joint sets, Ramales Platform
 - analysis 84, 86, 89–90, 101–102, 106
 - orientation 93–94, 95–96, 103, 104, 106
- joint sets, Ranero 209–218, 221, 222–224
- joint systems, Grosmont 71–72
- joint, dolostone 145, 160
 - qualitative evaluation 161–163
- kaolinite 64
- karst 7, 10, 173
 - development 182, 183
 - skeleton computation 11–12, 296–297, 300–301
 - types 169
- Karst Network Investigator 248–249, 250–251
- karst network, 3D simulation 295–306
 - pattern generation 298–301
 - workflow 296–298
- karstic network, automatic extraction of parameters 247–262
 - methods and materials 248–253
 - observation 249–251, 253–255
 - stochastic simulation 249–250, 256–259
- karstic network, characterization 253–256
 - length 257, 259
 - multivariate analysis 252–253, 255, 261
 - observation 249–251, 253–255
 - workflow 248–249
 - validation 259–261
- karstification 3–4, 89
- karstification percentage 172, 179, 180, 182, 183
- karstification, Apulia carbonate platform 169–185
 - geology 169–171
 - massive limestone 183–184
 - timing 169, 184
- karstification, Grosmont 59, 63–70
 - burial curve 58
 - epigenetic 65–69
 - hypogene 66, 68–69
- kinematic aperture 187, 188, 189, 195, 197, 198, 201
- Klinkenbery permeability 90, 99, 100
- kriging 9, 12
 - carbonate sand 125, **130**, 131, **132**, 133, 134
 - karst network 296
- Kurdistan, Taq Taq oil field 139–166
- lacustrine carbonate, bench model 40, 41
- lacustrine carbonates 4, 20, 39–45
 - facies models 39–41
 - Mg-silicates 44–45
 - microbialites 41–44
 - travertine 44
- lagoonal environment 143, 151
- lagoonal limestone 148–149, 166
- lake level oscillation 40
- Laurentide Ice Sheet 72
- Lidar data 10, 11
 - algal mounds 231, 233, 234
 - fracture spacing 171, 172–173, 184
- lithofacies, Taq Taq oil field 146–151
- lithological characterization 26–28
- lithological reservoir properties, Grosmont 74–77
- Lucia classification 120, 121
- Malampaya gas field 265, 266
- matrix dolomite 98, 100–102, 104, 106
- mechanical properties and fracture potential 203
- mechanical stratigraphy 7, 169
 - and karstification 180–183
 - methodology 171–173
- megajoints 95, 210–211, 212–216, 221, 222, 223
- Mg silicates 4, 44–45
- microbial bioherms 40, 41–44
- microbialites 4, 39, 41–45
- microporosity 23, **24**, 68, 77
- microthermometry 86
- mineralization fluids 211, 216, 218, 219, 221–224
- model building 268–273
 - karst 296–298
- modelling
 - karst networks 247–262
 - shoal bodies 279–292
- Mono Lake, vents 43, 45
- Morières Massif, karst 11, 252–253, 256, 258
- mounds, modelling 11, 233–237, 241–243
- moving average 9, 131
- mud content 115, 116, 128, 135
- multipoint statistical modelling 9–12, 31, 236–245
 - parameters used **241**
- multipoint statistical modelling, shoal body 277–292
 - classification 280–281
 - facies 278–279, 280, 281–292
 - model 286–289, 290
 - simulation 284–286, 288

- multipoint statistical modelling, shoal body (*Continued*)
 training image 278–281, 286
 workflow 281–284
 multivariate analysis, karstic network 252–253
 Murge, Italy, palaeokarst 169–185
 Muschelkalk Basin 111–113, 278

 neotectonic joints 72–73
 neutron log porosity 156
 New Mexico, carbonate mounds 230–232
 normalized fracture density 176, 181
 North Atlantic, rifting 85

 oil migration 72
 oil sands 50, 73
 olistolith 92
 oolitic bars 42
 open fractures, preservation 6–7
 opening-mode fractures 187–189, 194, 198, 201

 palaeofluid flow 60, 61
 palaeogeography
 Muschelkalk Basin 112, 278, 280
 Taq Taq oil field 143, 146
 palaeokarst, Cretaceous, Apulia 169–185
 palaeosol 67, 171, 181, 183
 palustrine carbonates 40
 pattern primitives 267–268
 peri-tidal deposits 170, 171
 permafrost and karstification 69
 permeability 21, 26–28, 29
 enhancement 223
 facies related 114–135
 karst network 296, 300–301, 302, 303
 model 272
 prediction 23–25
 permeability, Grosmont 75, 76, 77
 permeability, hydrothermal dolomite 84
 analysis 90–92, 100–101, **104**, 105, **106**
 petrographic analysis 151–154
 semi-quantitative analysis 116, 118
 petrophysical analysis 154–157
 petrophysical modelling 127, 129–135
 reservoir properties 117–124
 scale difference 124–127
 photomicrographs 67–68
 Pila Spi Formation 139, 140–143, 144, 145
 lithofacies 146–151
 Pila Spi reservoir 142, 143, **146**
 flow type 163–166
 petrographic analysis 151–154
 petrophysical analysis 154–157
 porosity units 157–161
 secondary porosity evaluation 161–163
 Pipe Network (graph) 296–300, 302, 303
 plays, emerging 2–4
 pore size, classification 154, 162, 163–166
 pore systems 21
 pore type 118–119, 121, **122**
 porosity 25, 26, 27, 29
 sequential Gaussian simulation 270, 271, 296
 porosity cut-off 155, 156–157, 166
 porosity units 157–161
 porosity, dolomite 150, 153

 porosity, facies-related 114–135
 porosity, Grosmont 75, 76, 77
 porosity, hydrothermal dolomite 84
 analysis 90–92, 99, **103**, **104**, 105, 106
 porosity/permeability and fractures 187, 203
 porosity/permeability facies 277
 porosity/permeability plot, Taq Taq oil field 164, 165
 power-law kinematic aperture-size 194, 197, 198, 201, 203
 Pozalagua Fault 94–96, 97, 99, 102–103
 Pozalagua Fault dolomite body 217–219, 220–222
 pre-salt carbonates 4, 45
 pre-salt oil reservoir 20
 pressure solution 25
 protozebra lamination 212
 Pyramid Lake, mounds 42–43

 R35 method 163–166
 Rames Carbonate platform 5, 208–209
 Rames Platform, hydrothermal dolomite case study
 83–107
 controlling parameters 101–106
 geology 84–88
 methodology 88–92
 results 92–101
 ramp model, lake carbonates 40, 41
 Ranero massif 208–225
 Digital Outcrop Model 87, 88, 90
 Ranero megajoints 95, 210–211, 212–216, 221, 222, 223
 Ranero stepover 209–210, 211
 reactive transfer modelling 2
 rebound 72
 reservoir characterization 4–6
 carbonate platform 139–166
 fault-controlled dolomite 83–107
 reservoir exploration 29, **30**
 reservoir properties
 carbonate platform 74–77
 carbonate sand bodies 117–127, 128, **132**
 reservoir quality prediction 25–28
 reservoir, carbonate rocks 17–33
 history of research 17–20
 reservoir, intra-jog areas 211, 219
 Riedel shear fracture 106
 rock typing 24, 25–28, 29
 Rocky Mountain fold and thrust belt 51
 Ruahermosa Fault 209, 210, 224
 rubbish in rubbish out 32

 salina facies 56
 salt diapirism 85
 salt solution 70–72
 sampling bias 26
 Secondary Porosity Index 155
 secondary porosity, evaluation 161–163
 secondary processes 21–22
 sedimentary cycles and fracture spacing 174, 176,
 180–181
 sedimentology and reservoir properties 124, 126, 128
 seismic profile, Taq Taq 147
 seismic response, diagenetic units 266, 271, 273
 seismic, 4D 29
 seismic, karst 63, 65
 seismic, lake basin 40
 sequence stratigraphy 2, 20

- sequential Gaussian simulation 9, 11–12, 270
 carbonate mounds 234, 237, 243
 carbonate sand **130**, 131, **132**, 133, 134
 karst network 296, 301
 shoal body 278–279, 280
 modelling, multi-point statistics 279–292
 shoal facies 121–124, 134
 shoal reservoir facies 278
 sinkholes, Grosmont 63, 65, 66, 68, 69
 skeletonization 11–12, 250–251, 296, 297,
 300–305
 soft data conditioning 249, 257–259, 300
 solution collapse 62, 63
 sonic log porosity 154–155
 South Atlantic, lacustrine basin 20, 39
 South German Basin, Muschelkalk 277, 278
 spatial distribution prediction 124–127, **132**
 statistical analysis, carbonate sand body **122**, **124**,
 129–135,
 prediction of spatial distribution 124–127
see also geostatistical analysis
 statistics, multivariate 9–12, 31
 stevensite 44–45
 stochastic algorithm 243
 stochastic model 9, 10–11, 12
 branching karst network 295, 296–298, 301
 shoal sand body 277, 279–281, 286, 290, 292
 stochastic simulation, karstic network 249–250
 input data 256–259
 input parameters **257**
 stochastic stratigraphic correlation 265–274
 method 267–269
 models 269–271
 Strahler classification 298, 299
 stratigraphic correlation model 269, 270–272, 273
 stratigraphic cycles and reservoir properties 115–119,
 126–129, 134, 135
 stylolites 23, 25, 59, 86, 218
 sulphates *77 see also* anhydrite
 super-giant fields 1, 2, 3, 32
 sweet spots 3, 4, 5
 Grosmont 74, 76, 77
 sweet wet gas 52
 synthetic case, karst network 301–303
 synthetic seismic model 12, 270, 271, 273
- Taq Taq oil field, Iraq 5, 139–166
 flow type 163–166
 lithofacies 146–151
 map 141
 palaeogeography 143, 146
 petrographic analysis 151–154
 petrophysical analysis 154–157
 porosity 157–163
 stratigraphy 140–145
 tar/oil sands 50, 73
 Tethys 112, 278
 texture, fracture cement 188–189, 194
 thermal recovery schemes 50
 thermal springs 42–44
- thin section 26, 139
 carbonate sand 114, 117, 120, 135
 dolomite 151, 160
 microporosity 67–68
 tidal flat limestone 147–148, 166
 top-down reservoir modelling 22
 topological classification 298
 tortuosity index 251, 253–255, 260
 total porosity 156
 training image 10, 11, 12
 karst 261
 mound growth 230, 236, 237–243, 244
 parameters used **239**
 shoal body 278–281, 286
 training, geoscientists 31–32
 Trani quarry 170, 171, 181, 184, 185
 layered carbonates 173–176
 transition probability calculation 91, 98, **99**
 travertine 4, 43, 44
- unconventional oil reservoir *see* Grosmont
- Var (France) caves 11, 252, 254
 database 248, 253, 261, 262
 variogram 9, 12, 91, 277
 carbonate mound 229, 234–236, 241, 243
 karst network 298, 301
 omnidirectional 89, 104
 porosity/permeability 130–131
 vein, dolomite 97, 102
 vent, hydrothermal 44, 87
 viscosity 74, 75
 visualization, 3D 89
 volcanic hydrology 39, 42–44, 45
 volume 240, 245, 260, 296, 300
 rendering 242, 258
 vug porosity 24, 27
 pack-/grainstones 118, 120, 121, 123
 dolomite 60, 61, 211–213, 215, 217, 218
 dolostone 143, 145, 150, 153, 155
 qualitative evaluation 161–163
- warm epigene karstification 68
 water flood-front, image 29
 water saturation cut-off 156, 157
 weathering, dolomite/limestone 89
 well correlation
 diagenetic units 265–269
 pattern primitives 267–268
 stochastic approach 265–274
 correlation strategy 274
 Western Canada Sedimentary Basin 51
 Windland equation 164
 wireline log response 21, 26, 28, 29
 wireline log, porosity 154–157, 158–159, 161
- Yacoraite Formation, fracture study **191**, 192–194,
196, 194
- zebra texture 98, 100–102, 104, 106, 217